

Data Sheet EPT FPGA Development System

MAXPROLOGIC  
FPGA DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM  
Data Sheet



The MaxProLogic is an FPGA development board that is designed to be user friendly and a great introduction into digital design for anyone. The core of the MaxProLogic is the Altera MAX10 FPGA. This powerful chip has 4,000 Logic Elements and 200Kbits of Memory. The MAX10 is easily scalable from the entry level college student to the most advanced projects like an audio sound meter with FFT. Upon the many great features of the MaxProLogic is the MAX10 chip has a built in Flash for configuration and incorporates 8 channels of Analog to Digital



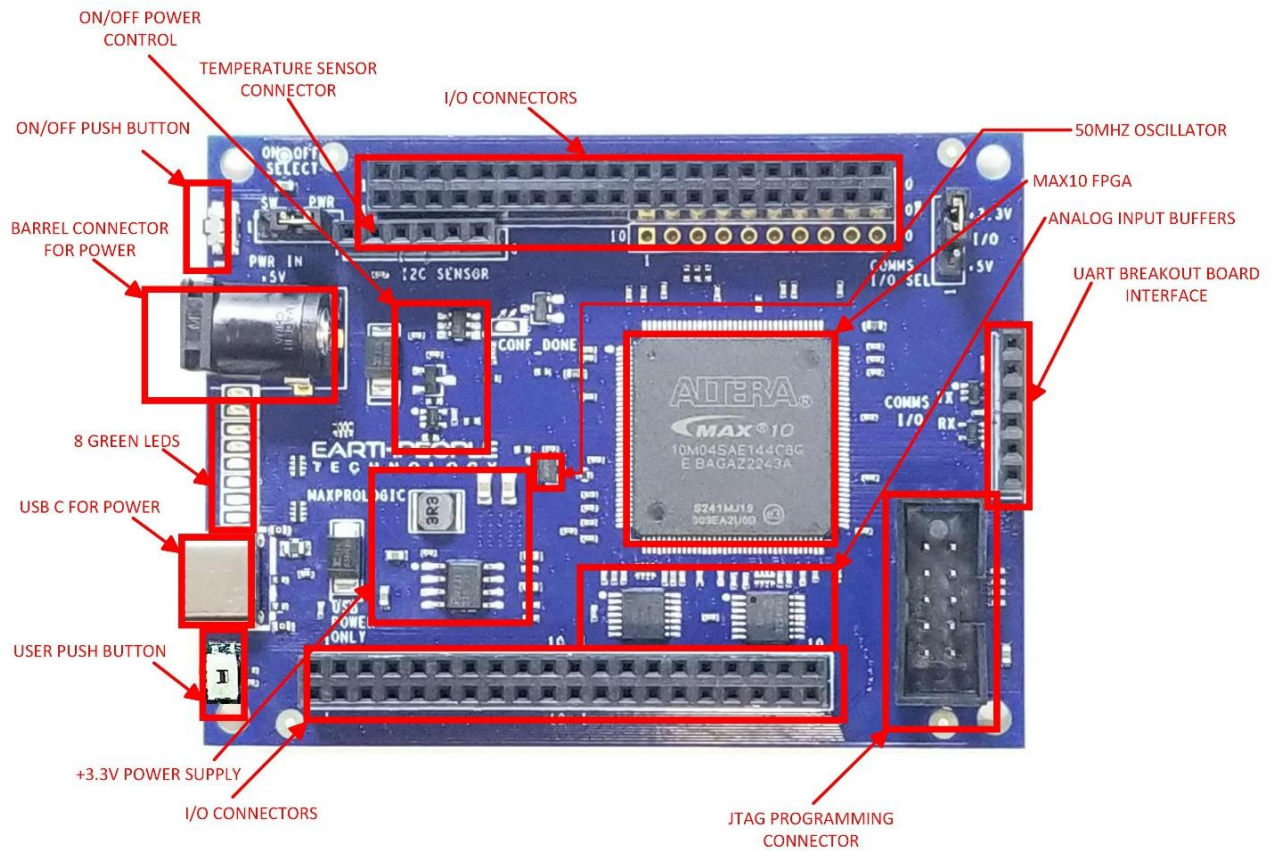
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Conversion. These two features alone create a far superior FPGA chip than any competitor on the market. It allows the user to create more diverse projects.

- MAX10 10M04SA FPGA From Altera
- 4,000 Logic Elements; 2.2 Mbit On chip Flash; 189 Kbit On Chip SRAM
- 8 Analog Input Channels; 12 bit; 1MSamples/Second
- 65 Available I/O's at connectors
- 8 Green User configurable LEDs
- 1 Power Pushbutton Switch; 1 User Configurable Pushbutton Switch
- On Board SD Card Slot
- Two Power options: Standard USB (+5V @ 2Amp) Using USB-C connector;
- 5mm Barrel Connector Accepts +5.5V @ 3Amp
- Switching Power Supply, Provides stable output under high load stress
- Oscillator: 50MHz
- On board interface to Standard USB to Serial Adapters

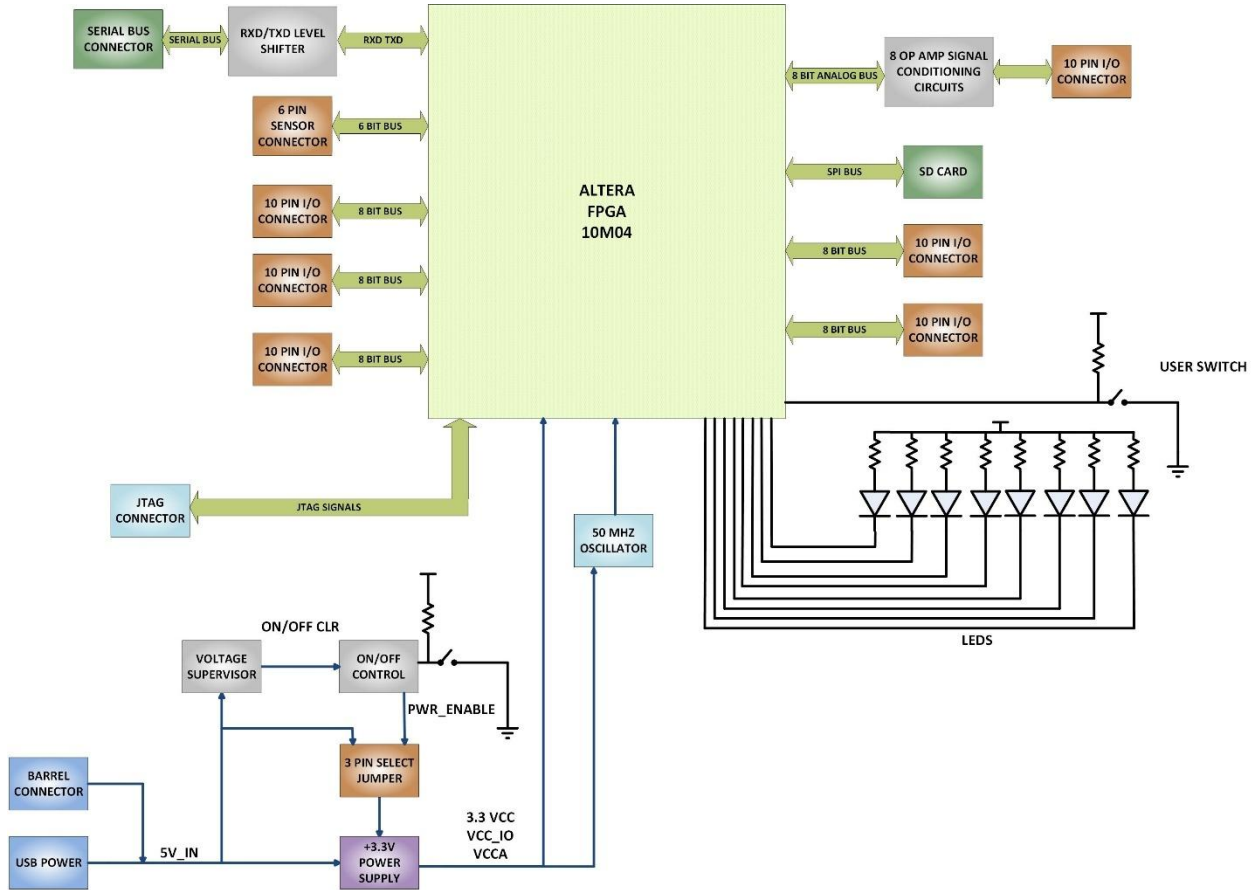
## 1 Block Diagram

Figure 1 MaxProLogic Component Location



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Figure 2 EPT-4CE6-AF Block Diagram





### 3 Pin Mapping

Figure 4. Pin Mapping between Arduino Due, DueProLogic and FPGA User code

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J3-1	XIO3_0	88	XIO3[0]
J3-2	XIO3_1	89	XIO3[1]
J3-3	XIO3_2	90	XIO3[2]
J3-4	XIO3_3	91	XIO3[3]
J3-5	XIO3_4	96	XIO3[4]
J3-6	XIO3_5	98	XIO3[5]
J3-7	XIO3_6	80	XIO3[6]
J3-8	XIO3_7	97	XIO3[7]
J3-9	GND	NC	NC
J3-10	GND	NC	NC

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J4-1	COMMS_TX	92	XIO8[0]
J4-2	COMMS_RX	93	XIO8[1]
J4-3	XIO8_2	99	XIO8[2]

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J4-4	XIO8_3	100	XIO8[3]
J4-5	XIO8_4	101	XIO8[4]
J4-6	XIO8_5	102	XIO8[5]
J4-7	XIO8_6	105	XIO8[6]
J4-8	XIO8_7	106	XIO8[7]
J4-9	GND	NC	NC
J4-10	GND	NC	NC

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J5-1	5V_IN	NC	XIO4[0]
J5-2	3V3	NC	XIO4[1]
J5-3	XIO4_0	41	XIO4[2]
J5-4	XIO4_1	43	XIO4[3]
J5-5	XIO4_2	44	XIO4[4]
J5-6	XIO4_3	45	XIO4[5]
J5-7	XIO4_4	46	XIO4[6]
J5-8	XIO4_5	47	XIO4[7]
J5-9	GND	NC	NC
J5-10	GND	NC	NC

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Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J6-1	SD_DAT0	48	XIO1[0]
J6-2	SD_DAT1	61	XIO1[1]
J6-3	XIO1_2	62	XIO1[2]
J6-4	XIO1_3	64	XIO1[3]
J6-5	XIO1_4	65	XIO1[4]
J6-6	XIO1_5	66	XIO1[5]
J6-7	XIO1_6	69	XIO1 [6]
J6-8	XIO1_7	70	XIO1[7]
J6-9	GND	NC	NC
J6-10	GND	NC	NC

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J7-1	XIO5_0	50	XIO5[0]
J7-2	XIO5_1	52	XIO5[1]
J7-3	XIO5_2	54	XIO5[2]
J7-4	XIO5_3	55	XIO5[3]



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J7-5	XIO5_4	56	XIO5[4]
J7-6	XIO5_5	57	XIO5[5]
J7-7	XIO5_6	58	XIO5[6]
J7-8	XIO5_7	59	XIO5[7]
J7-9	GND	NC	NC
J7-10	GND	NC	NC

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J8-1	I2C_0_SCL	110	XIO7[0]
J8-2	I2C_0_SDA	111	XIO7[1]
J8-3	XIO7_2	113	XIO7[2]
J8-4	XIO7_3	114	XIO7[3]
J8-5	XIO7_4	118	XIO7[4]
J8-6	XIO7_5	119	XIO7[5]
J8-7	XIO7_6	112	XIO7[6]
J8-8	XIO7_7	123	XIO7[7]
J8-9	GND	NC	NC
J8-10	GND	NC	NC

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Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J10-1	XIO6_0	120	XIO6 [1]
J10-2	XIO6_1	124	XIO6[1]
J10-3	XIO6_2	127	XIO6[2]
J10-4	XIO6_3	130	XIO6[3]
J10-5	XIO6_4	131	XIO6[4]
J10-6	XIO6_5	132	XIO6[5]
J10-7	XIO6_6	135	XIO6[6]
J10-8	XIO6_7	140	XIO6[7]
J10-9	GND	NC	NC
J10-10	GND	NC	NC

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J11-1	5V_IN	NC	NC
J11-2	ANALOG_1	6	ANALOG[0]
J1-3	ANALOG_2	7	ANALOG[1]
J11-4	ANALOG_3	8	ANALOG[2]
J11-5	ANALOG_4	10	ANALOG[3]

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J11-6	ANALOG_5	11	ANALOG[4]
J11-7	ANALOG_6	12	ANALOG[5]
J11-8	ANALOG_7	13	ANALOG[6]
J11-9	ANALOG_8	14	ANALOG[7]
J11-10	GND	NC	

Connector-Pin #	Net Name	MAX10 Pin Number	User Code Signal Name
J12-1	XIO2_0	74	XIO2[0]
J12-2	XIO2_1	75	XIO2[1]
J12-3	XIO2_2	76	XIO2[2]
J12-4	XIO2_3	77	XIO2[3]
J12-5	XIO2_4	78	XIO2[4]
J12-6	XIO2_5	79	XIO2[5]
J12-7	XIO2_6	81	XIO2[6]
J12-8	XIO2_7	84	XIO2[7]
J12-9	XIO2_8	85	XIO2[8]
J12-10	XIO2_9	86	XIO2[9]

## 4 Pushbutton switches

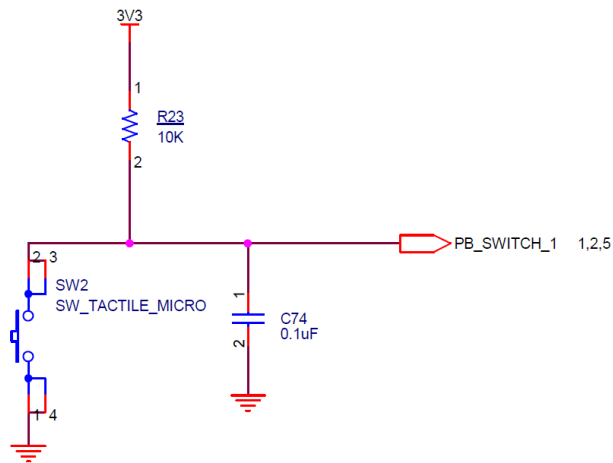
There are two pushbutton switches on the MaxProLogic. Both are momentary contact switches. They include a 0.1uF cap to ground to debounce both switches. The User Push Button Switch is configurable as input only to the MAX10. The user code can read the state of the switch or use it as an event to trigger some action in the code.

Component	Net Name	Pin Number on MAX10	Signal in EPT Project Pinout
SW1	ON_OFF_CONTROL	NA	NA
SW2	PB_SWITCH_1	27	PB_SWITCH_1

SW2 is the User Configurable switch. It is assert low with a constant pullup to +3.3V. So, the switch will read high until the button is pressed in which it will read low.



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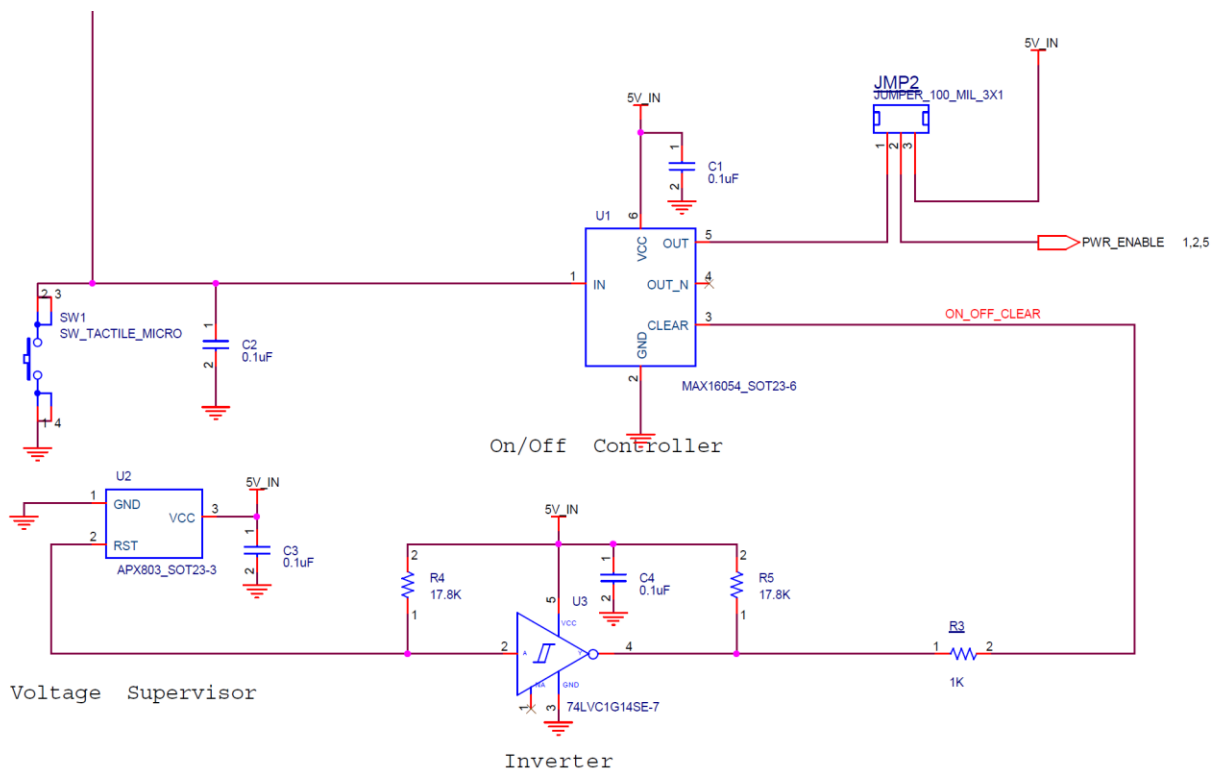


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SW1 is configured as the Power Switch for the MaxProLogic. JMP2 selects whether the On/Off Controller U1 is connected to the power system of the board. If the On/Off Controller (MAX16054) is not connected to the circuit, the MaxProLogic will power on when power is applied at the USB-C connector or barrel connector. If the On/Off Controller (MAX16054) is connected to the power circuit, the power button



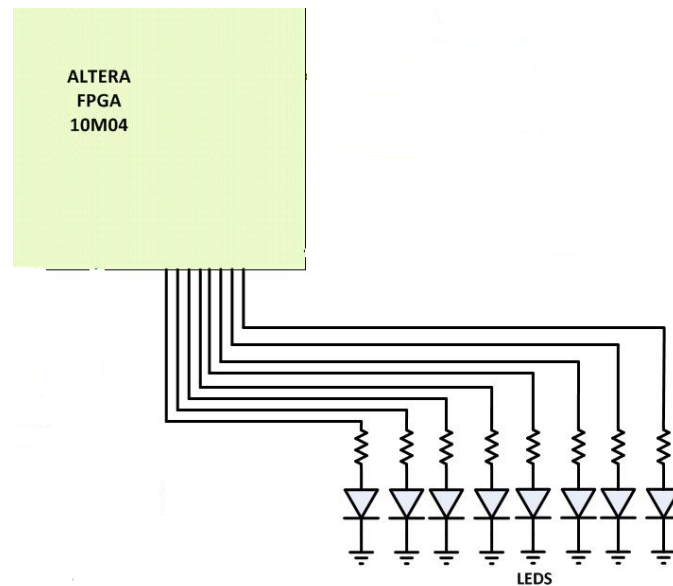
## 5 LEDs

There are 8 total LEDs on the MaxProLogic. All eight are green LEDs, Part Number: APT1608CGCK from King Bright. Each LED has its own current limiting resistor. The resistor is a 220 Ohm series resistor which sets the current for each LED at:

$$I_{LED} = \frac{V_O - V_F}{R}$$

$$I_{LED} = \frac{3.3V - 2.0V}{220}$$

$$I_{LED} = 5.9mA$$



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Component	Net Name	Pin on FPGA	Signal in EPT Project Pinout
LED1	LED1	21	LED[0]
LED2	LED2	22	LED[1]
LED3	LED3	24	LED[2]
LED4	LED4	25	LED[3]
LED5	LED5	32	LED[4]
LED6	LED6	33	LED[5]
LED7	LED7	38	LED[6]
LED8	LED8	39	LED[7]

## 6 Sensor Connector

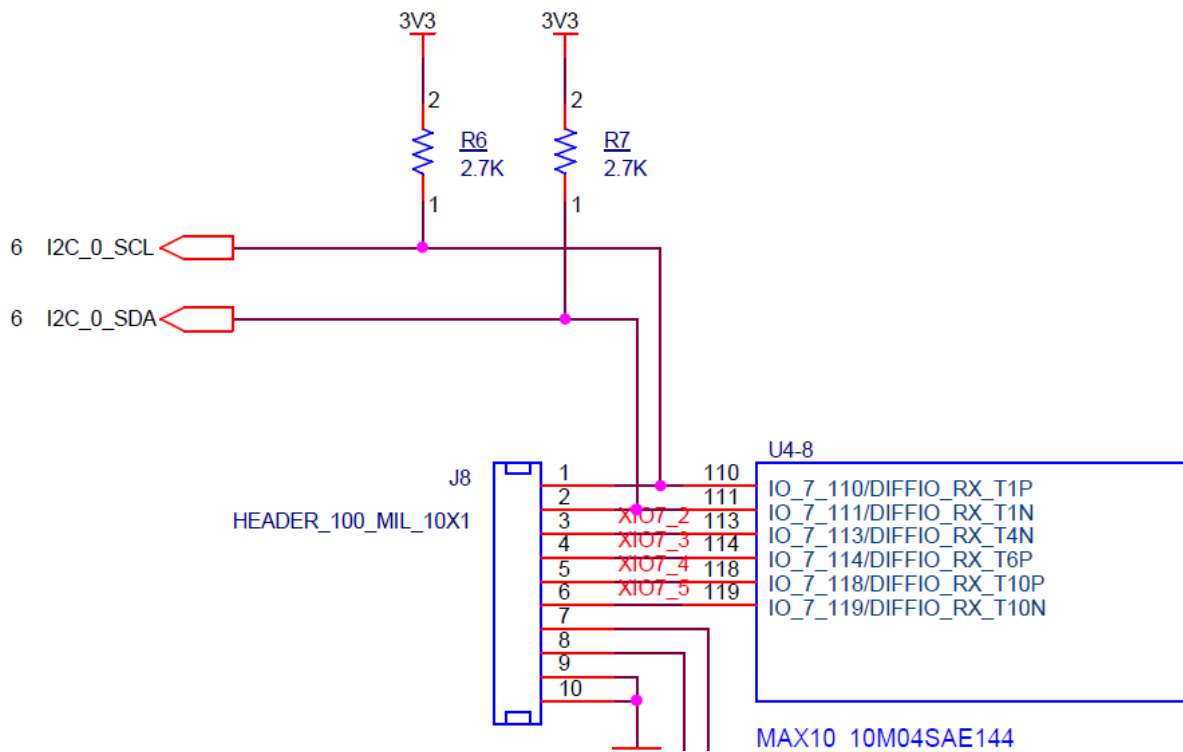
The sensor is accessed through an I2C bus. This bus is connected to the FPGA through the following pins:

Connector RefDes-Pin Number	MaxProLogic Schematic Signal	FPGA Signal Name	MAX 10 Pin Number
J14-1	+3.3V		NC
J14-2	GND		NC

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J14-3	I2C_0_SDA	I2C_SDA	111
J14-4	I2C_0_SCL	I2C_SCL	110
J14-5	NC		NC
J14-6	ND		NC

The bus uses 2.7K pullups on both the SDA and SCK signals.

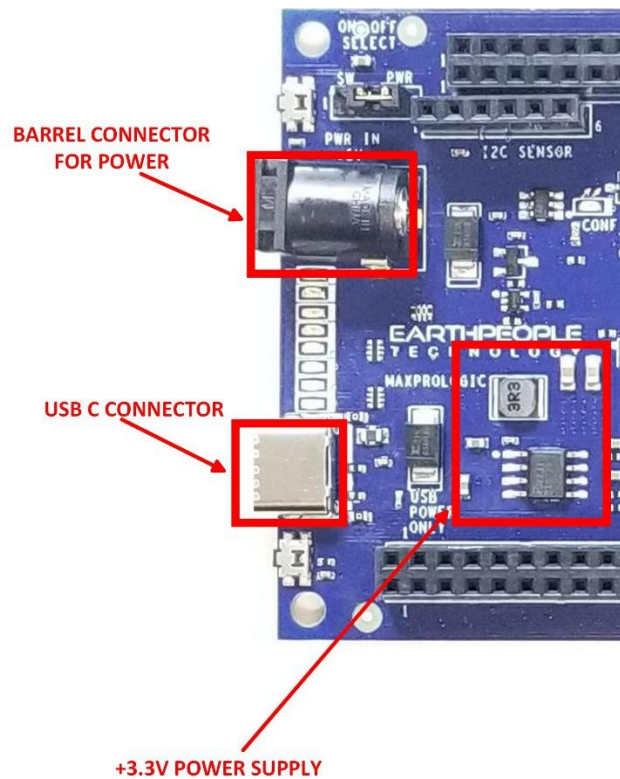


## 7 Input Power

The MaxProLogic board has three input power options:

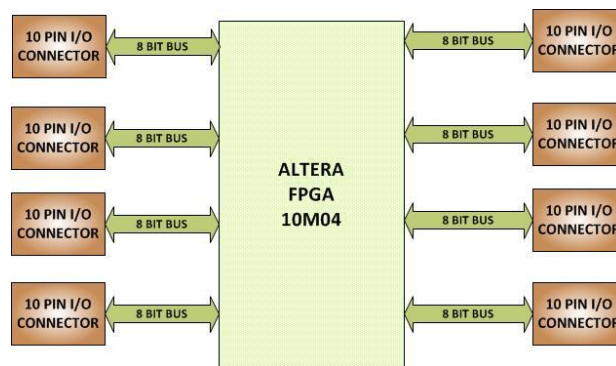
- USB-C connector (+5V up to 2A)
- 5MM Barrel connector (+4.5V to +5.5V up to 3A)

Each of these options supplies +5VDC to the switching power supply. This power supply is a DC-DC supply that regulates efficiently and expeditiously the +3.3VDC output. All three input power options are limited to +5V input.



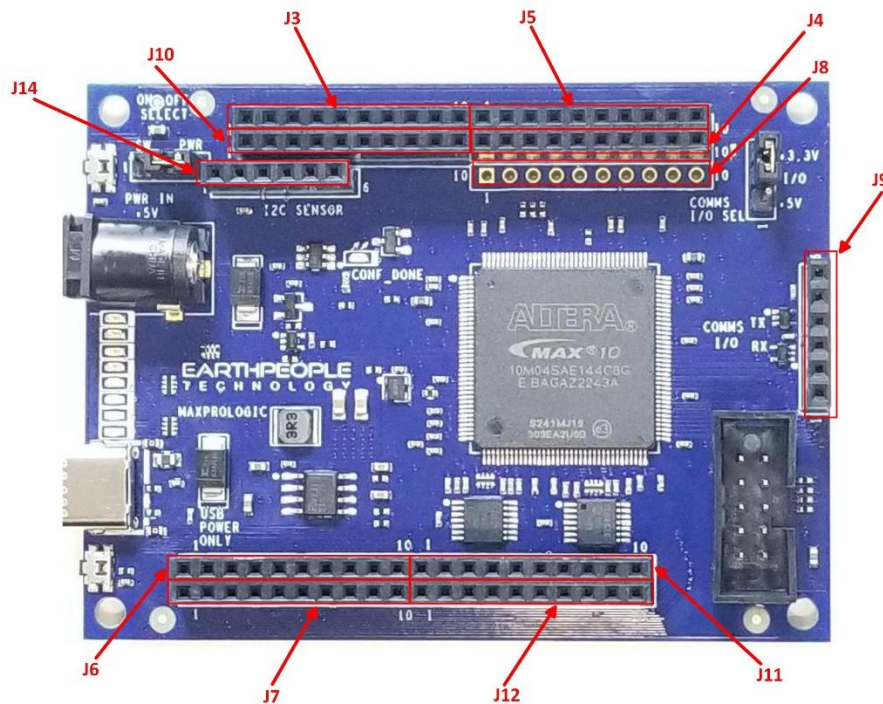
## 8 Inputs/Outputs

The MaxProLogic has eight 10 pin headers that provide 64 digital Inputs and Outputs. All of the I/O's are +3.3 VDC only. All I/O's connect directly from the FPGA to one of the ten pin headers.



All I/O's are organized into separate banks of the FPGA. There are eight banks. These different banks provide different output speed technologies. Programmable Open Drain The optional open-drain output for each I/O pin is equivalent to an open collector output. If it is configured as an open drain, the logic value of the output is either high-Z or logic low. Use an external resistor to pull the signal to a logic high. Programmable Bus Hold Each I/O pin provides an optional bus-hold feature that is active only after configuration. When the device enters user mode, the bus-hold circuit captures the value that is present on the pin by the end of the configuration. The bus-hold circuitry holds this pin state until the next input signal is present. Because of this, you do not require an external pull-up or pull-down resistor to hold a signal level when the bus is tri-stated. For each I/O pin, you can individually specify that the bus-hold circuitry pulls non-driven pins away from the input threshold voltage—where noise can cause unintended high-frequency switching. To prevent over-driving signals, the bus-hold circuitry drives the voltage level of the I/O pin lower than the VCCIO level. If you enable the bus-hold feature, you cannot use the programmable pull-up option. To configure the I/O pin for differential signals, disable the bus-hold feature. Programmable Pull-Up Resistor Each I/O pin provides an optional programmable pull-up resistor during user mode. The pull-up resistor weakly holds the I/O to the VCCIO level. If you enable the weak pull-up resistor, you cannot use the bus-hold feature. Programmable Current Strength You can use the programmable current strength to mitigate the effects of high signal attenuation that is caused by a long transmission line or a legacy backplane.

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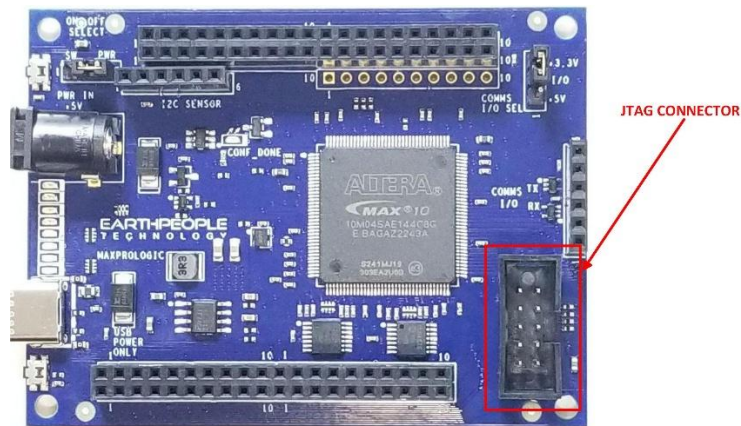


## 9 FPGA Configuration

The MaxProLogic has an internal Flash. This flash is used to configure the FPGA. The has a 5x2 header for use in programming the MAX10 FPGA via JTAG. The connector is located in the bottom right corner of the MaxProLogic. It is shrouded and keyed to allow easier insertion.



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This connector uses the standard Altera Blaster connector pinout.

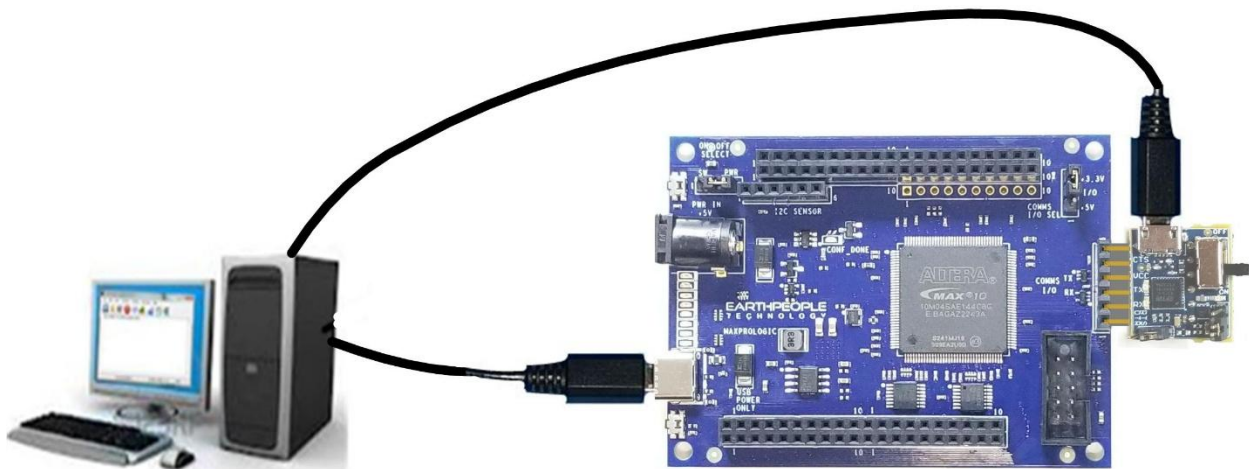
TCK	1	2	GND
TDO	3	4	VCC(TRGT)
TMS	5	6	NC
NC	7	8	NC
TDI	9	10	GND

## 10 Communications Interface

The MaxProLogic is equipped with a communications port that is compatible with FTDI Breakout Boards. It is a 6 pin female header that connects directly with most Breakout boards. The pinout:

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Communications Connector -Pin #	Signal
J9-1	NC
J9-2	RX
J9-3	TX
J9-4	VCC
J9-5	NX
J9-6	GND



The Communications Connector provides a path between the FTDI Breakout Board and the MAX10 FPGA. It brings both the RX and TX signals into the FPGA at the following pins.

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FPGA Pin #	Signal
92	RX
93	TX

## 11 MaxProLogic Power

### 1.1.1 Core Board Power Budget

Device	Part Number	+1.2V Power	+2.5V Power	+3.3V Power
FPGA	10M04SAE144C8	??? Defined by user code. EPT-Transfer-Demo code: 50mA	10mA	??? Defined by user code. . EPT-Transfer-Demo code: 50mA
On/Off Controller	MAX1605			
50MHz Oscillator	FXO-HC536R-66			47 mA



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Op-Amp driver	MCP6L04			0.5 mA (all four amps active)
User LEDs				20 mA
<b>Total</b>		<b>50mA</b>	<b>10mA</b>	<b>261mA</b>

\*Theoretical Values only. This data needs to be validated